

MRS. MCKINLEY RALLIES.

NIGHT BULLETIN REPORTS A DECIDED IMPROVEMENT.

Change Came About 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, When She Regained Consciousness and Asked for Food—Death Had Been Looked For After a Serious Sinking Spell Early in the Morning—Stimulants Used—President Kept Up Hope All Through the Night—Day—False Reports of Death Put San Francisco Flag at Half Mast.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 16.—The illness of Mrs. McKinley reached an acute stage today, and from early morning until the middle of the afternoon it was feared that she would die at any moment. Then hope was renewed by a slight rally about 3 P. M. (6 P. M. New York time).

The last thirty-six hours Mrs. McKinley has been kept under the influence of medicine intended to give freedom from pain, and since very early this morning stimulants have been used to sustain the heart's action.

At 8:45 P. M. (11:45 New York time) Secretary Cortelyou gave out the following statement:

"The physicians in attendance on Mrs. McKinley report her condition as decidedly improved since morning. Pulse and temperature are satisfactory, and the patient is resting well."

Yesterday intimate friends of the McKinley family referred to her condition as alarming; at midnight there was a renewed hope that she would improve in health within a few days, and the President, who had watched constantly at her bedside for twelve hours, retired for much-needed rest. At the same hour Dr. Hirschfelder and Gibbons left the Scott residence, where the President and his wife were staying, somewhat encouraged in the belief that their patient was in a comparatively safe condition. Dr. Rixey of the navy, the President's family physician, remained in the house. He also retired to his room soon after midnight, but left word that he should be called immediately upon the slightest sign that his patient was worse.

WAS CLOSE TO DEATH.

Between 3 and 4 o'clock both the President and the doctor were aroused with the information that Mrs. McKinley was apparently less comfortable than she had been earlier in the night. Both of them hurried to her bedside, but it was not until 5 o'clock that a distinct change for the worse occurred. At that hour the two doctors who are associated with Dr. Rixey in the case were hurriedly summoned.

Mrs. McKinley had suffered a severe relapse, described in the language of the medical attendants as a "sinking spell," and it was feared for some hours after that time that she was about to pass away. Miss Mary Barber, the niece of Mrs. McKinley, was at her bedside, with the President and physicians.

The public received no information of this alarming change for the worse until 9 o'clock this morning, when after a prolonged consultation this official bulletin was issued by the physicians through Secretary Cortelyou.

"The doctors report that Mrs. McKinley's condition is not so favorable, she having had a sinking spell at 9 o'clock this morning."

FALSE REPORTS THAT THE END HAD COME.

Within half an hour the name of Mrs. McKinley was on the tongue of every person in the city, and everywhere in public places the people were talking of the grave illness of the President's wife. Since the first information was received of the change in the state of her illness, the city has been virtually in mourning.

Not long after 10 o'clock a report was spread broadcast that Mrs. McKinley was dead. A similar report was circulated as soon as the first one had been denied, and hundreds of the flags which are floating over the city in honor of the President's visit were placed at half mast.

The interest shown by the whole population of San Francisco and its suburbs in the condition of the invalid woman is something to marvel at. The enthusiasm that greeted the arrival of the Presidential party on Tuesday has been exceeded by the present anxiety and sorrow. Street car conductors ask their passengers if they have heard from Mrs. McKinley.

The keepers of news stands, who are selling the very extras that announce the latest bulletins from the bedside of the sick woman, ask their customers if they know any later news in regard to the progress of the case. These instances are significant of the interest that pervades all classes.

VERY LOW ALL MORNING.

The three physicians remained at the Scott residence constantly from 5 o'clock in the morning until after 11 o'clock and even then only one of them at a time left the house. At 11:40 o'clock Secretary Cortelyou issued the following bulletin:

"The physicians who have been with Mrs. McKinley all the morning report that while she has suffered no relapse since early morning, her condition continues grave. She is not suffering, but is very weak."

PRESIDENT KEEPS UP HOPE.

In the meantime the members of the Cabinet, except Secretary Long, with nearly all the ladies of the Presidential party, came to the house in response to a summons from the President. A few minutes after they arrived, which was at 10 o'clock, Mr. McKinley descended from the sick room and went to one of the parlors on the first floor. They were encouraged by the cheerfulness with which he exhibited and they have since commented on the brave and cheerful manner in which he in such an hour and make him hope, despite the discouraging opinions of his physicians, that his wife would rally.

It was evident to this official adviser and friends that he was carrying a great load of anxiety and heartache, but he insisted that they were talking together in the best of spirits, and that he was not at all worried by the condition of his wife. He said he had sent for them because he desired the comfort of their presence. He wished, he said, to have as many of his nearest friends close at hand as he could get.

Shortly before 1 o'clock he came back to the parlor had luncheon. The President then proposed that after making another visit to his wife's bedside the Cabinet members should take a short walk with him in the park. The President and his wife then walked to the park, and the police and people who had gathered outside their house as they went.

NEVINS STOCK FIRM FAILS.

SHOCK TO SPECULATIVE BROKERAGE POLITICIANS.

Ex-Fire Chief Says He Thinks That Too Much for Him and His Partner—Grat—Liabilities \$300,000; Assets \$160,000—Partners Make Individual Assignments.

Great tales have been told of the winnings of some of the Brooklyn speculators in Wall Street in the bull market. The winnings of some of them were made through the Consolidated Exchange firm of G. Edward Grat & Co., 66 Broadway, in which ex-Chief Thomas F. Nevins of the Brooklyn Fire Department was Mr. Grat's sole partner. The firm made an assignment yesterday and their attorney John V. Bouvier said that the liabilities would probably be \$300,000 while the assets might be \$160,000. The assignee is Robert T. Varnum. The partners made individual assignments, also to him.

Mr. Grat lives at the Margaret in Brooklyn. He would not see reporters. Ex-Chief Nevins said:

"Finding ourselves called upon to meet obligations amounting to \$300,000 and having only \$160,000 in assets we decided to make an assignment for the benefit of our creditors. I couldn't see how we could go on and do business with only this amount available. Of the assets \$60,000 is in securities, \$32,000 in bonds and \$78,000 in cash. A few days ago, when stocks dropped 40 per cent, we were carrying stocks on a margin of 15 per cent. This was more than we could stagger under. I have also made a private assignment and I will give every dollar I have in the world to pay my just debts. I own stock in the New York and New Jersey Telephone Company, the Fire Signal Company, the Citizens' Electric Light Company, the Nassau Railroad Company and the Brooklyn Union Elevated Road."

Mr. Nevins admitted that several Brooklyn politicians were affected by the failure. When asked if Mr. McLaughlin was among them he replied:

"No, I think not. Mr. McLaughlin has not been interested in any stock transactions in our firm."

It is said that James Shepley, ex-Senator John McCarty, Senator P. H. McCarron and ex-Congressman John C. H. Smith, who were partners in the firm, were affected by the failure. Mr. Shepley, from being a partner, said that he was "interested," but to what extent he did not know.

It was after Mr. Nevins' retirement from the Fire Department on a pension of \$2,500 that in 1894 he became a stock broker and with Mr. Grat opened offices at 66 Broadway and 170 Montague street, Brooklyn. Mr. Nevins looked after the business of the firm, while Mr. Grat handled the accounts of the Manhattan office. Mr. Nevins has always been in high favor with the Democratic majority, and he has been credited with acting for most of them in their stock transactions.

Nearly twenty years ago, when he was Fire Chief, ex-Lieutenant Hugh McLaughlin, who is at present in the United States Navy Department, was escorted across the bay by a delegation of officers from the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Mr. Nevins, who was then a stock broker, was with them. He made a thorough inspection of the naval equipment, was entertained at luncheon and returned to the city late in the afternoon.

Out of respect for the President and because of the unexpected sorrow over the illness of Mrs. McKinley, every hour today has brought an announcement that one or another of the Cabinet members had been called to the bedside of the President.

The members of the Cabinet have declined even the most informal invitations, and all of them insist that they will remain at their homes. The President's illness has been a side during the crisis of his wife.

Secretary Long, at the urgent solicitation of the President, called the President to his office this morning. As it had been arranged in the beginning, he was accompanied by Admiral Melville, Chief of the Bureau of Naval Construction, and the Navy Department, and was escorted across the bay by a delegation of officers from the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Mr. Nevins, who was then a stock broker, was with them. He made a thorough inspection of the naval equipment, was entertained at luncheon and returned to the city late in the afternoon.

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SHOT AT HIS WIFE'S ESCORT.

West Orange, N. J., May 16.—Elvin M. Holmes, a liquor dealer of 825 Broad street, Newark, was arrested here this afternoon for atrocious assault in attacking and firing four shots at Albert Haynes, a transient officer of Newark, whom Holmes found in company with his wife.

When seen in his cell to-night Holmes said:

"I have known Haynes, who is a son of the late Joseph E. Haynes, a former Mayor of Newark, for several months and he has been a frequent guest at my house. Recently his presence in the family circle has been the cause of trouble between my wife and myself. I forbade my wife to go driving with him and also told him that his attentions were not desired."

This afternoon I came here by trolley for the sake of the ride and the first thing I saw was Haynes and my wife in a buggy. They were driving to the house of a friend. I walked up to Haynes and told him to leave my wife. We had some words and then I slapped him with my hand. I drew my revolver and fired four shots at him. I am not sorry and I would do it again."

Haynes succeeded in throwing Holmes from the buggy and then whipped him. Holmes was taken to the hospital. Haynes was able to get away in a private car. He was not hurt.

NEWARK, N. J., May 16.—Haynes was struck by all four of the bullets fired at him by Holmes. He was seriously hurt. Two bullets hit him in the right forearm, another grazed his head, cutting his hair, and the last struck him full on the chest. He was taken to the hospital. He is now in a critical condition.

Haynes is a transient officer attached to the Newark police force. He is a son of the late Joseph E. Haynes, who was Mayor of Newark for six terms. Alvin M. Holmes is a Southern and was formerly a companion of Alvin Karpis. He keeps a saloon at 825 Broad street, Newark.

TO GET DEGREE OF B. A. BY MANDAMUS.

Student of New York University Brings Unusual Action Against the Chancellor.

Supreme Court Justice Madsen in Brooklyn has granted an order directing Dr. H. M. McCracken, Chancellor of the New York University, and the Board of Officers to show cause next week why a writ of mandamus should not issue compelling them to permit Tristram W. Metcalf of 236 South Ninth street to be examined and, if he is duly qualified, to permit him to graduate and to give him the degree of bachelor of arts.

Mr. Metcalf is editor of the Triangle, a publication issued by the students of the university, and in a recent copy of the and with Mr. Metcalf is said to have inserted this paragraph:

"It is highly singular that there should be so little news in the School of Applied Science. Time and again attempts have been made to learn what is going on, and no news can be obtained. The impression is given that this gives one of idleness and stagnation."

This caused considerable ill feeling on the part of the faculty and Chancellor McCracken, who is a member of the New York University, and the Board of Officers to show cause next week why a writ of mandamus should not issue compelling them to permit Tristram W. Metcalf of 236 South Ninth street to be examined and, if he is duly qualified, to permit him to graduate and to give him the degree of bachelor of arts.

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IMMENSE BUILDING PLANNED.

To Be Erected at Broadway, 33d and 34th Streets for Sales.

It was announced yesterday that a seven-story business building will be erected on the block on the west side of Broadway, between Third and Fourth streets, and that the firm of Saks & Co., general outfitters, had taken a twenty-two year lease of it. The building will be built on the site of the old Saks & Co. building, which was destroyed by fire in 1897. The new building will be a modern structure, with a frontage of 211 feet on Broadway, and a depth of 100 feet. It will have a total floor area of 1,000,000 square feet. The building will be built by Saks & Co., and will be used for the sale of goods. The building will be a landmark in the city, and will be a great addition to the city's architecture.

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